



**IMT Atlantique**  
Bretagne-Pays de la Loire  
École Mines-Télécom



**P4S meeting**

# **SFE presentation:**

**Analysis and management of the co-evolution of systems and their security**

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# Assignment presentation

## a) Subject introduction

### Thesis subject "Model-Based Security Consistency Management for Complex Systems"

#### Objectives:

- Assessing a system's level of security
- Enabling co-evolution between system deployed artifacts and design models

#### Internship:

- System: Open-source java project
- Model: Security Data Flow Diagram (secDFD)

## b) Context/State of the art

### Security in the early stages of development

Context :

- Model-Driven Software Engineering (MDSE)

Benefits :

- Early flaw detection
- Production cost savings

## b) Context/State of the art

### Security modelling

Context :

- Data Flow Diagram

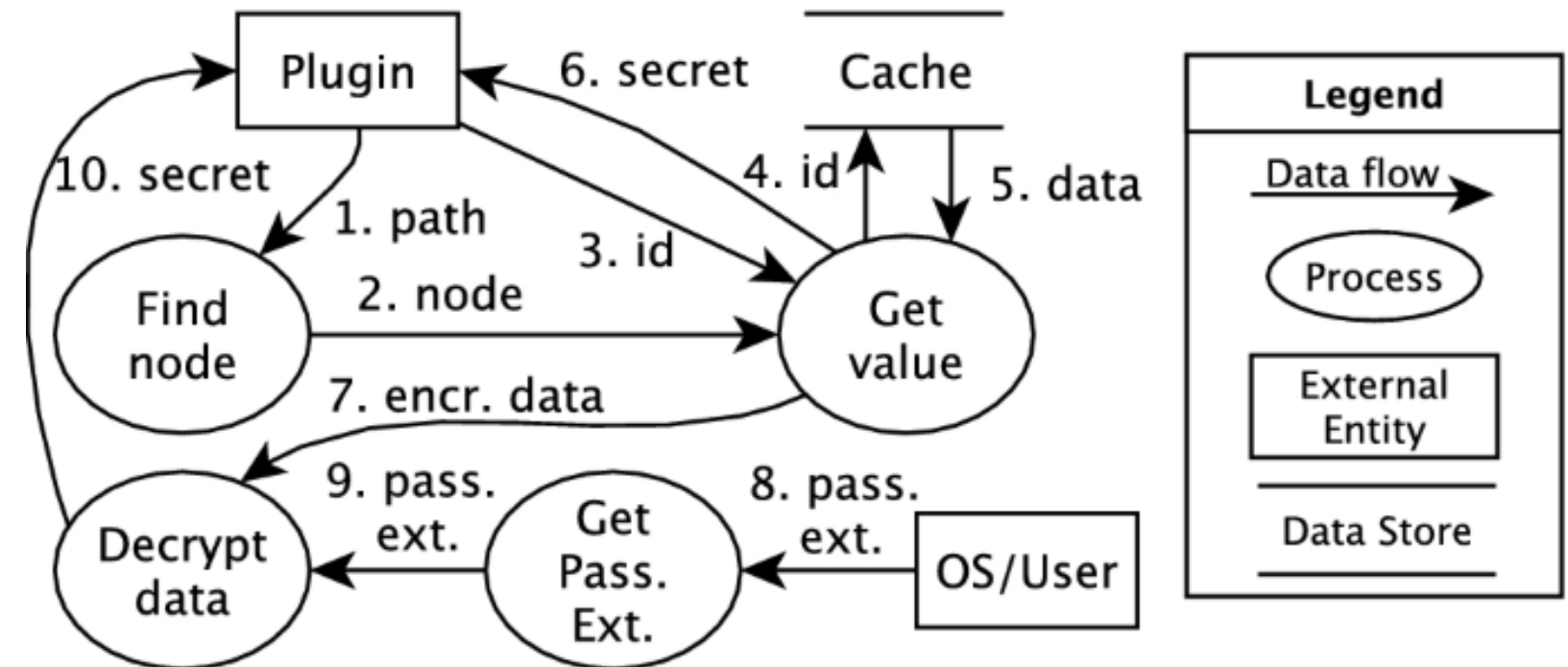


Figure 2: DFD extract for "Eclipse Secure Storage" (Source[6])

# 1 : ASSIGNMENT PRESENTATION

## b) Context/State of the art

### Security modelling

Adjustment:

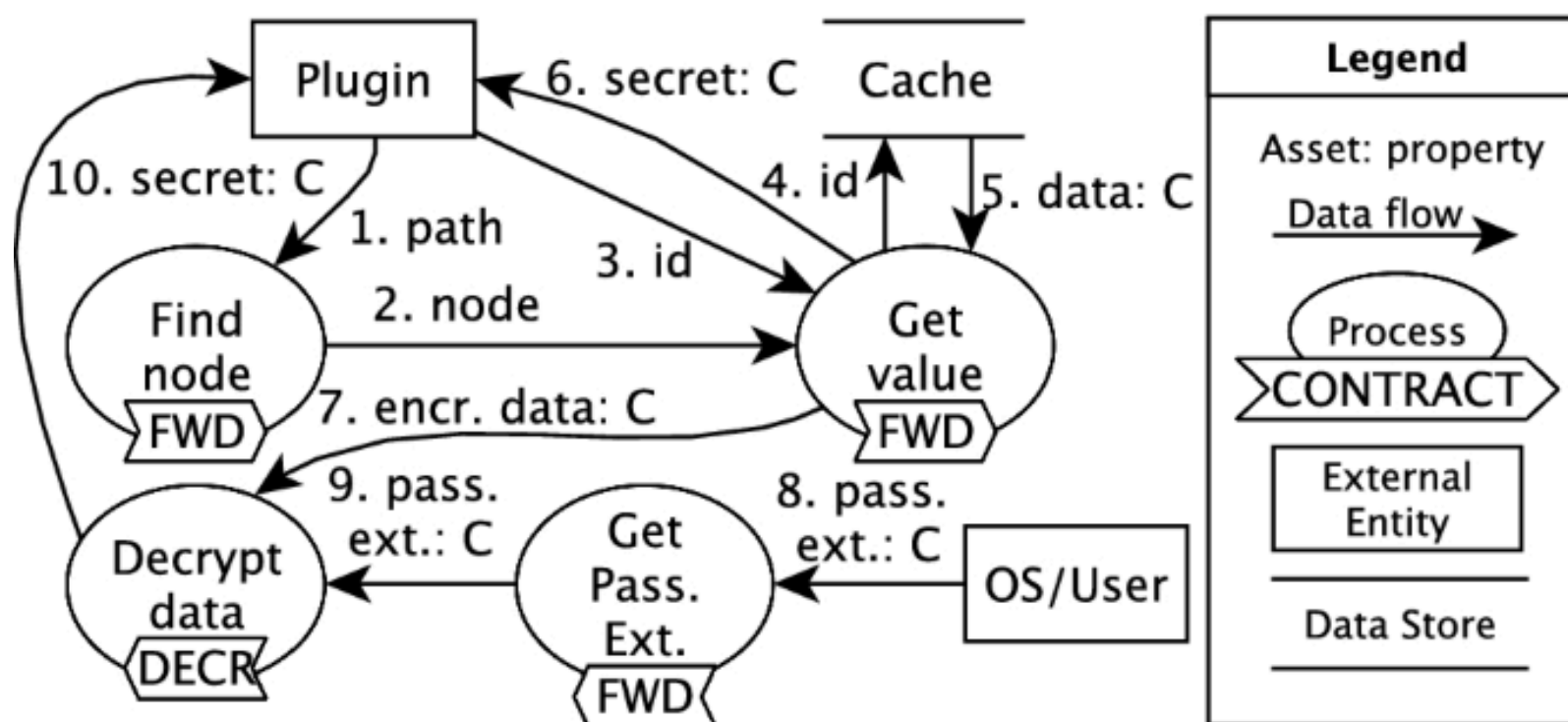
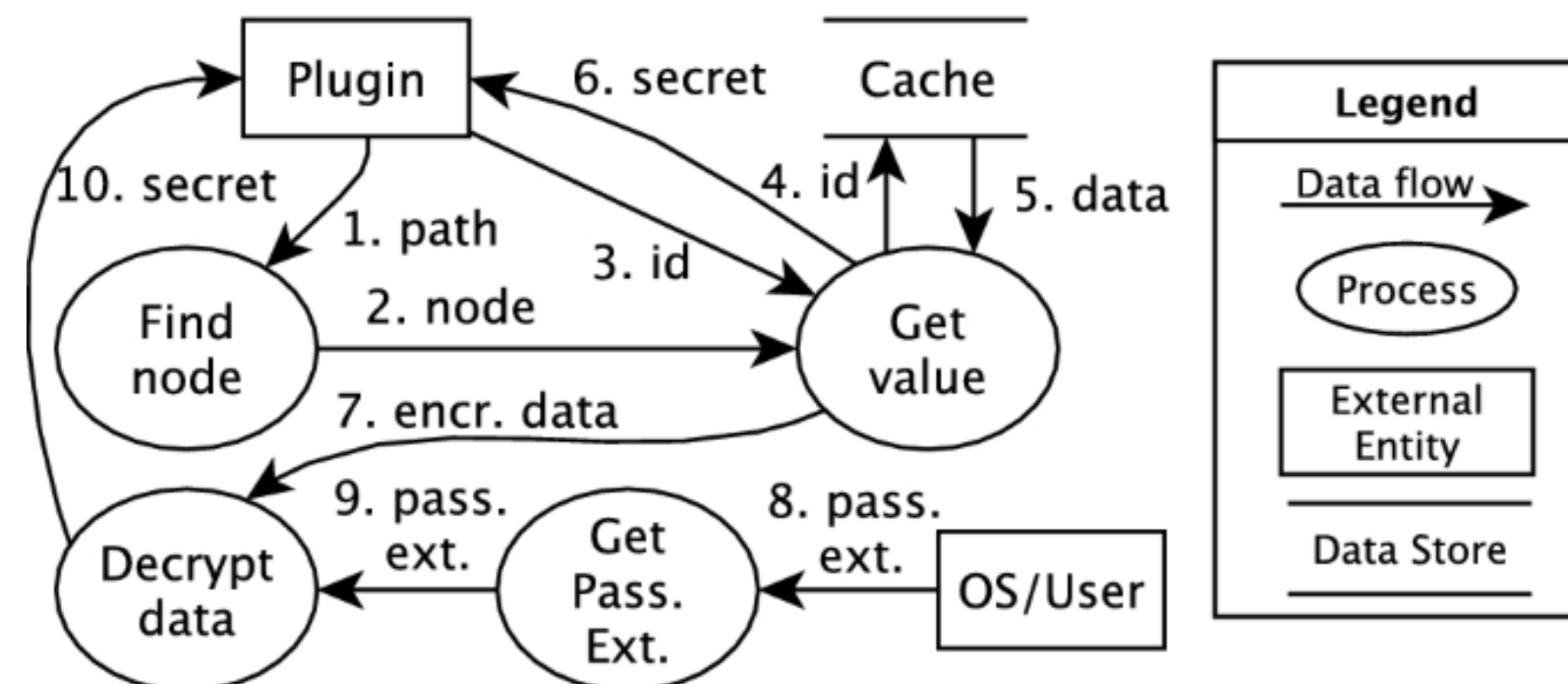
- Security Data Flow Diagram

Benefits:

- Security reification
- Enabling traceability

Drawbacks:

- Complexity



## b) Context/State of the art

### Consistency

#### Problem:

- Model and code divergence

#### Solutions:

- Links between model and code
- Co-evolution by change detection and propagation

## b) Context/State of the art

### Automation

Constraints:

- Short DevSecOps cycles

Solution: automation

- Links between model and code
- Security level assessment
- Maintaining consistency

Potential requirements :

- Standardisation

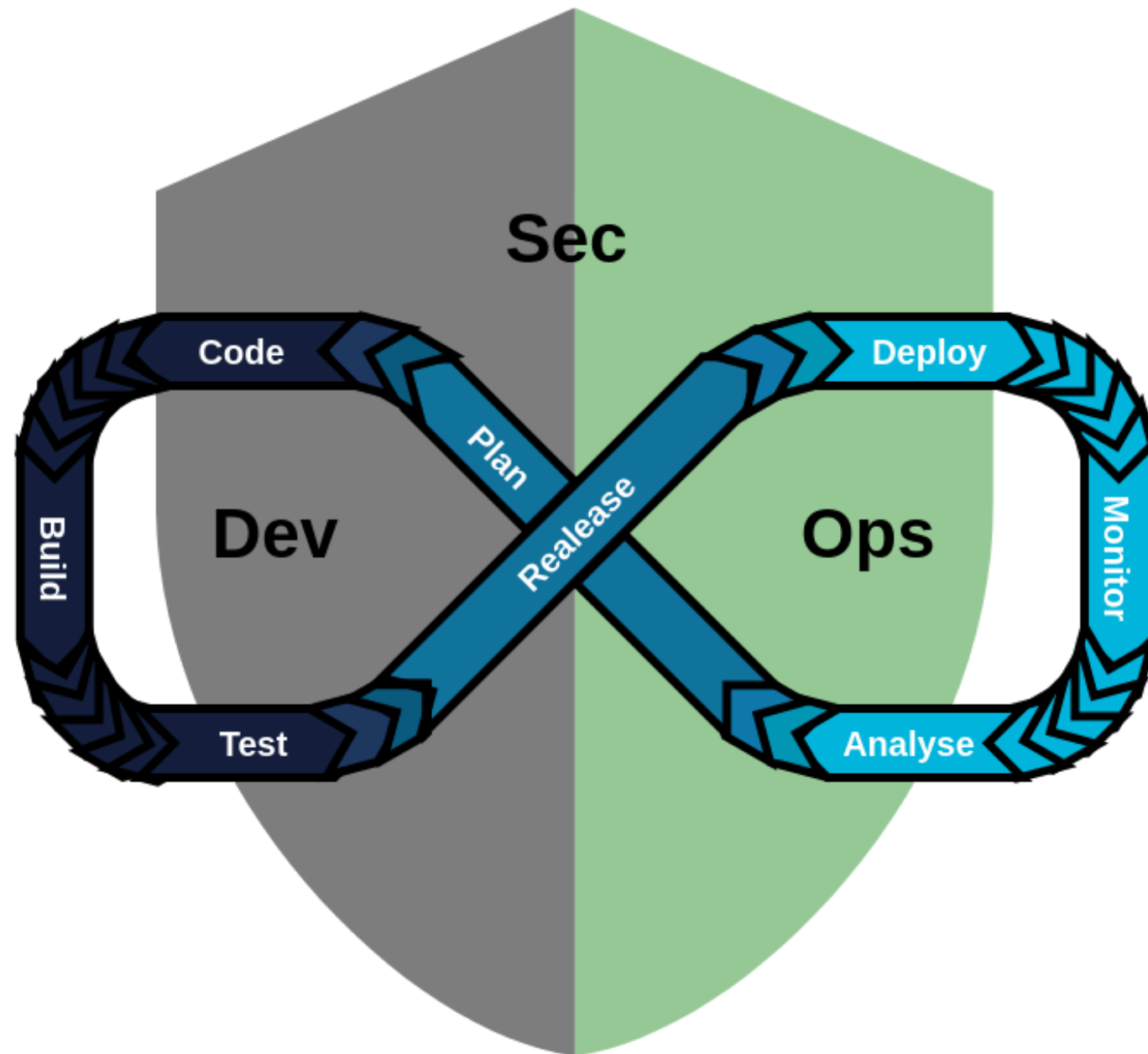


Figure 4 : DevSecOps representation

## c) Mission evolution

### Objective :

- Reproduce a semi-automatic model-code consistency checking solution
- Introduce the detection and propagation of modifications

Solution to be reproduced: K. Tuma et al. “Checking security compliance between models and code” [6]

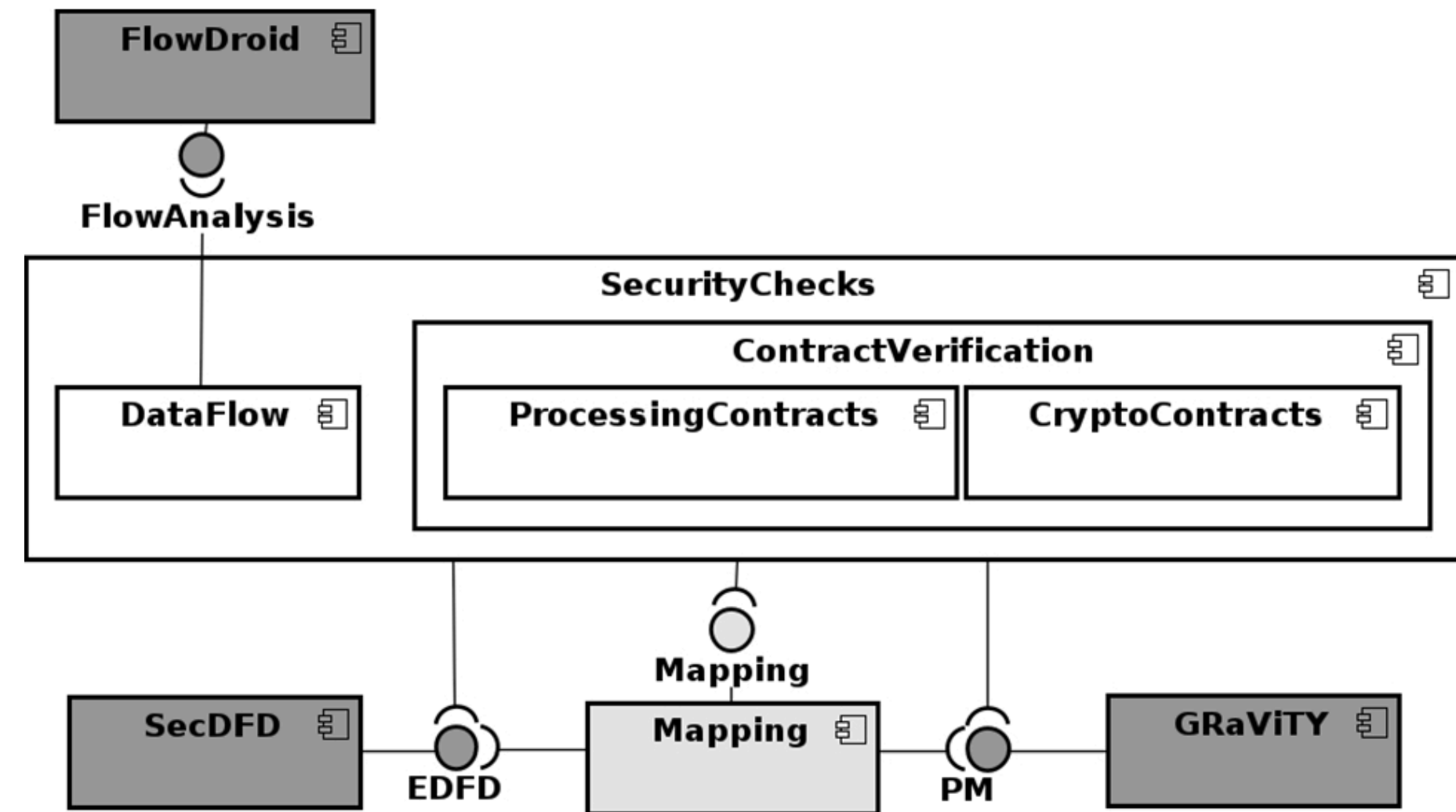


Figure 5: Solution architecture (Source[6])

# Architecture and implementation

## a) Tools

### Spoon

#### Usage:

- AST extraction
- Code refactoring

#### Benefits:

- Proximity with the code
- Performance
- Ease of use
- Model persistency

#### Drawbacks:

- AST complexity and size

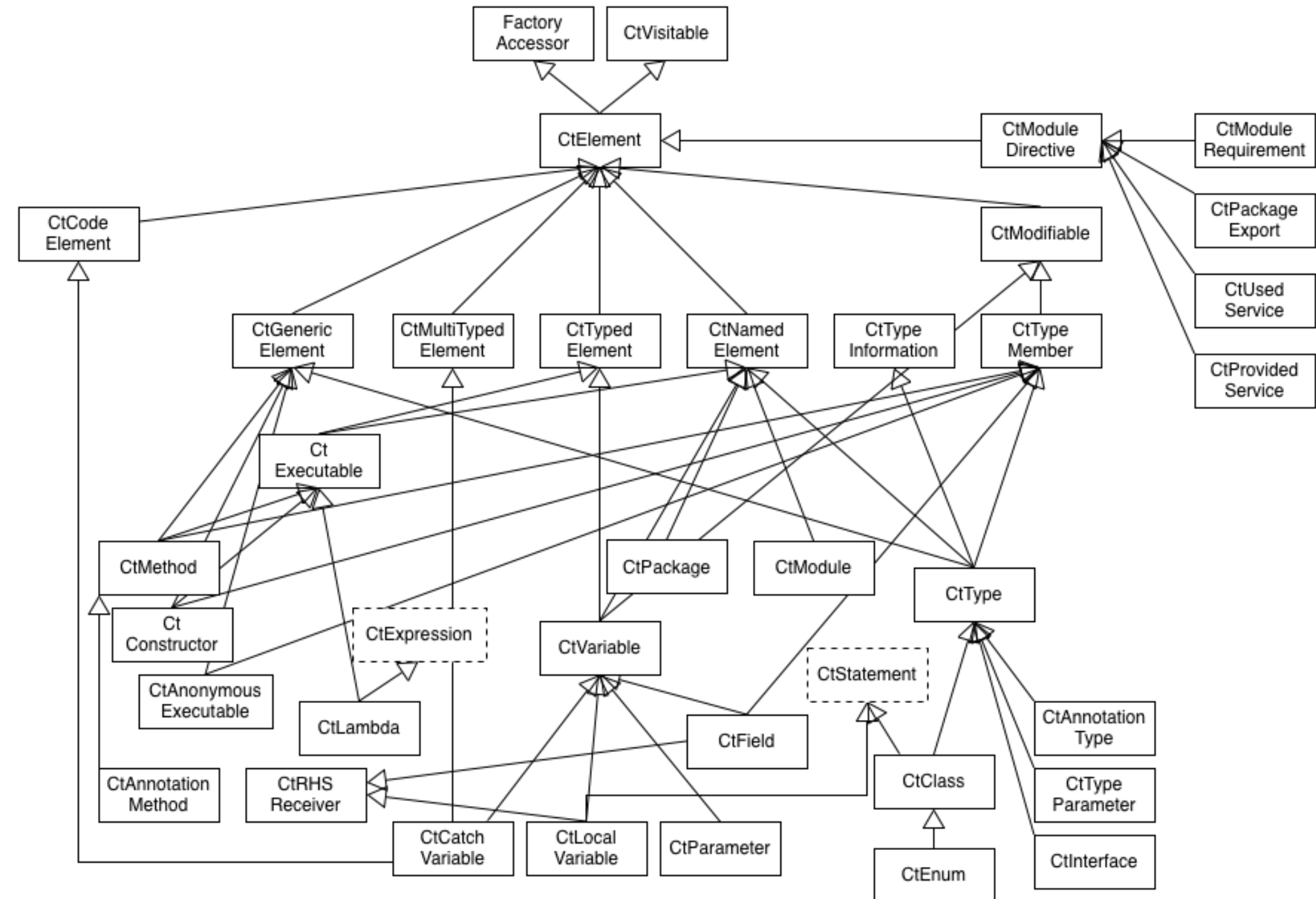


Figure 6: Spoon structural elements metamodel (Source[3])

## a) Tools

### Xtext/EMF

#### Usage:

- Xtext: (domain-specific)Language workbench
- EMF: Meta-modeling

#### Benefits:

- Read textual '.secdfd' files
- Change detection
- Large compatibility

#### Drawbacks :

- Learning curve

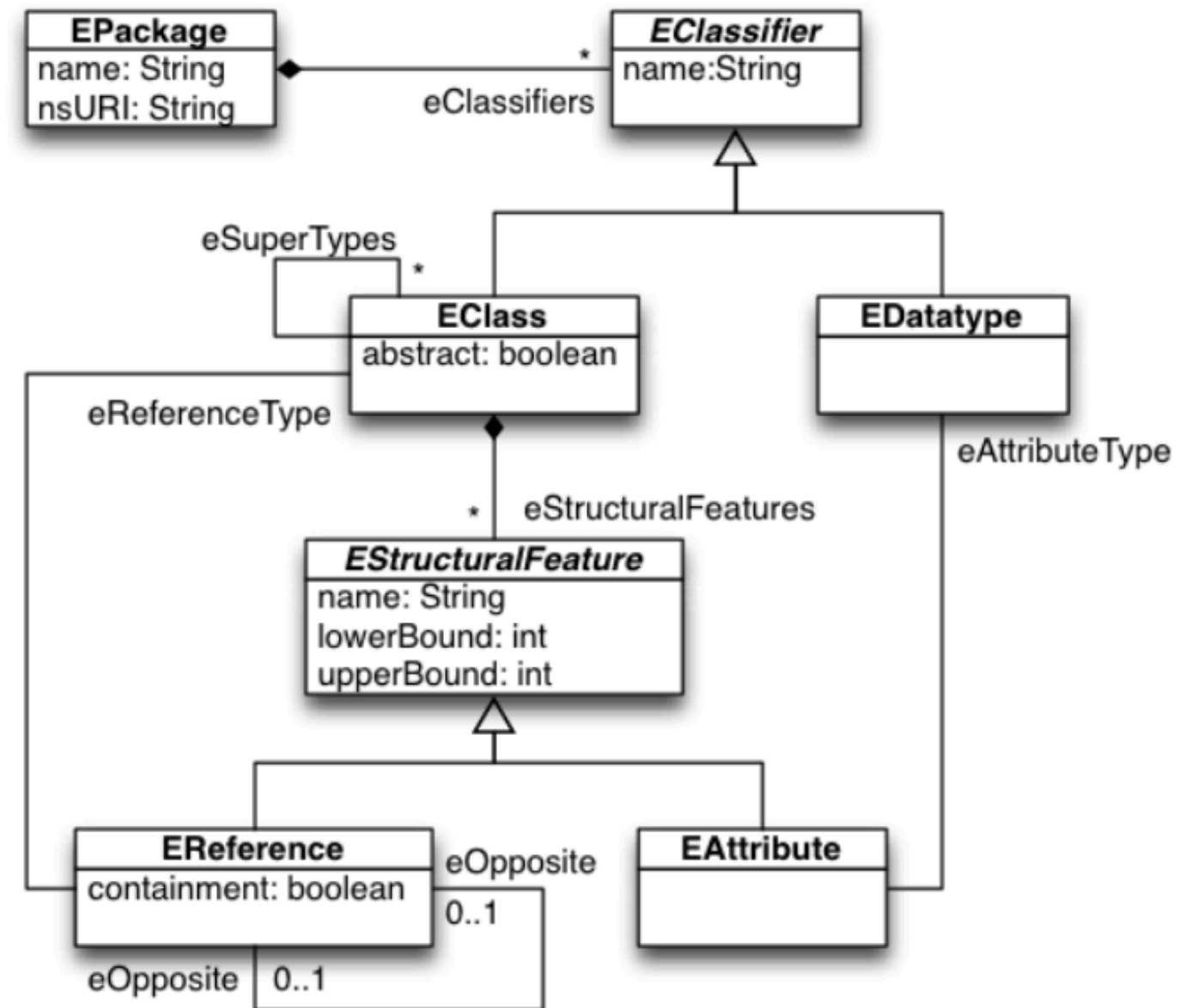


Figure 7: Main elements of the EMF meta-model (Source [2])

## a) Tools

### Epsilon

Usage:

- Model management

Benefits:

- EMF compatibility
- Reification

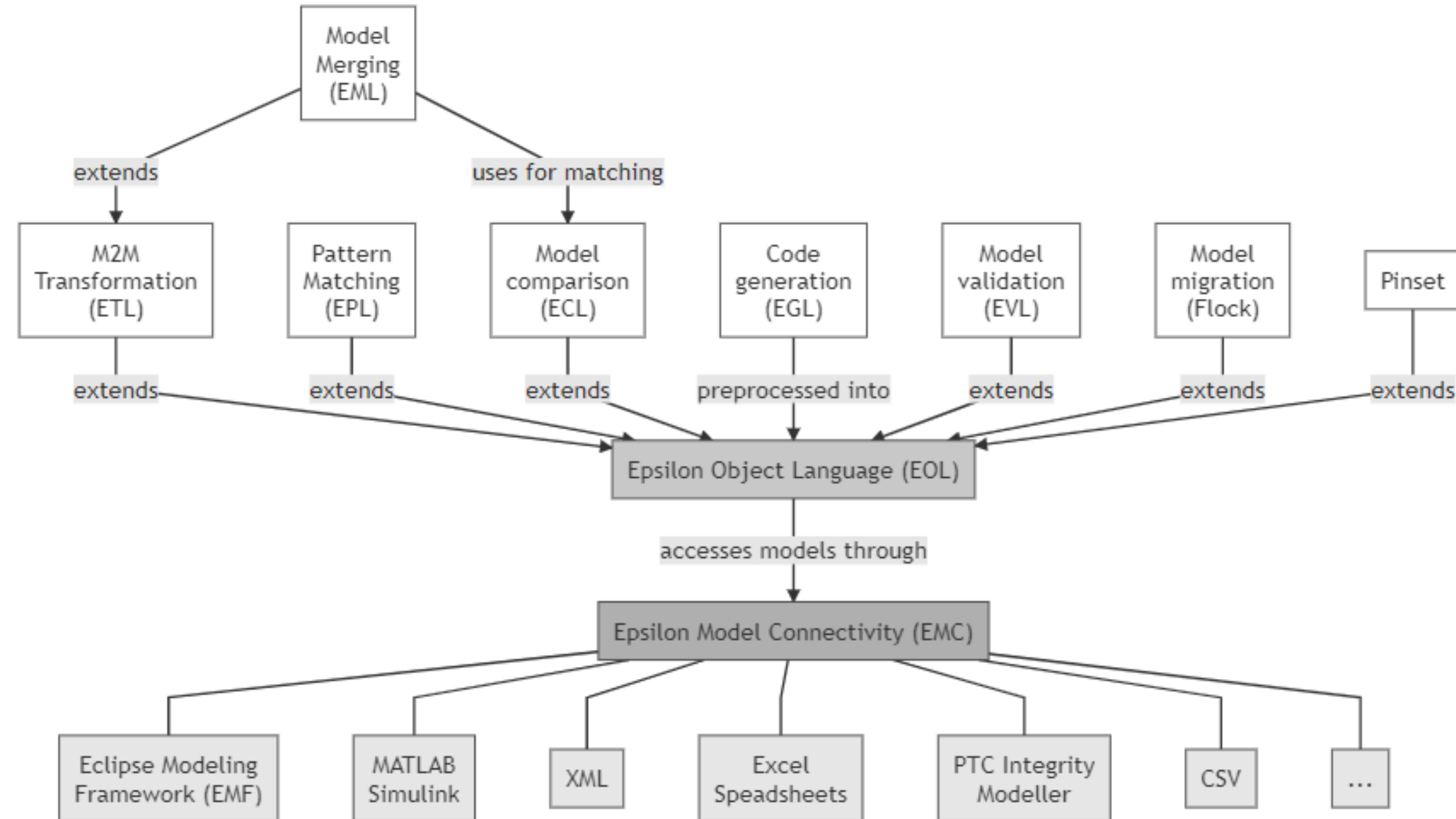


Figure 8: Epsilon's overall structure (Source[1])

## b) Architecture

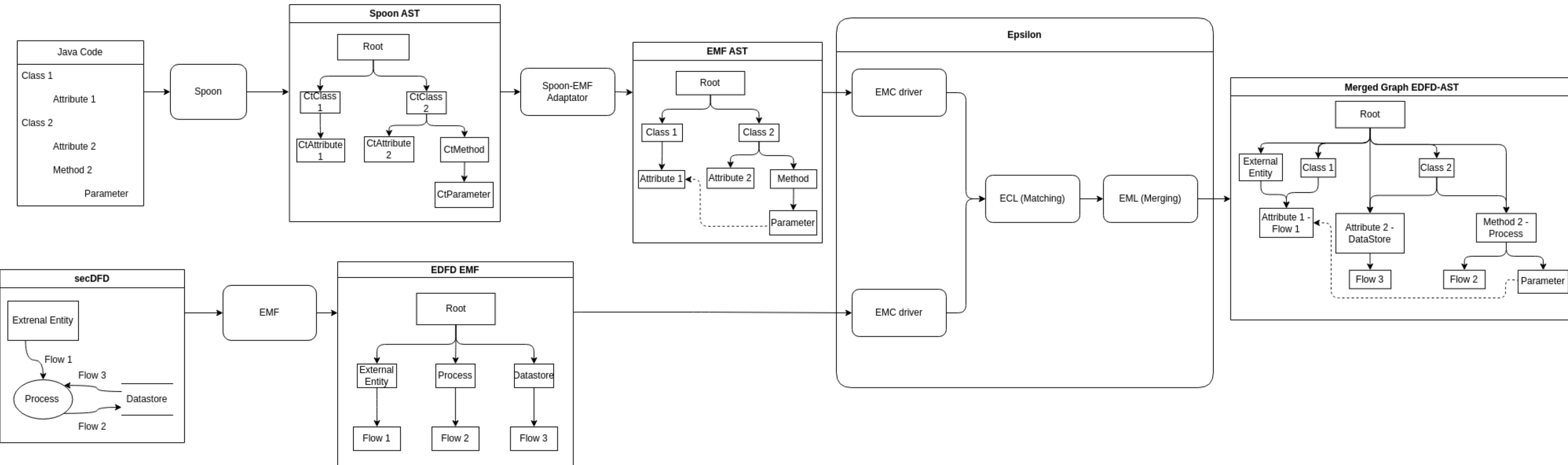


Figure 9: Solution architecture

**Thanks for your attention!**

- [1] Eclipse. Epsilon documentation. <https://eclipse.dev/epsilon/doc/>, 2024. Last accessed 06 September 2024.
- [2] Eclipse. Xtext documentation. <https://eclipse.dev/Xtext/documentation/index.html>, 2024. Last accessed 06 September 2024.
- [3] Spoon. Source code analysis and transformation for java. <https://spoon.gforge.inria.fr/index.html>, 2024. Last accessed 06 September 2024.
- [4] Lab-STICC. P4s. <https://labsticc.fr/fr/equipes/p4s>, 2024. Last accessed 06 September 2024.
- [5] Maven. Welcome page. <https://maven.apache.org/index.html>, 2024. Last accessed 06 September 2024.
- [6] Katja Tuma, Sven Peldszus, Daniel Strüber, Riccardo Scandariato, and Jan Jürjens. Checking security compliance between models and code. *Software and Systems Modeling*, 22(1) :273–296, Feb 2023.